Numb. 146.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Thurſday, Auguſt 26. to Thurſday, September 2. 1731.

Some *Account* of the *Iſland* CORSICA.

As our Foreign Papers *produce little worth Notice; and many are of Opinion, that the* Iſland Corſica *will ſoon make a different Figure from what it now does, it may not be altogether improper to give a tranſient Sketch of its ancient and preſent State, whereby to enable ſuch of our* Readers *as may be wholly unacquainted with its Hiſtory, to form ſome Idea of the Spot of Ground which may probably ſoon afford a* Royal Title.

CORSICA is an Iſland ſituated in the *Mediterranean*, about an Hour's Sailing from the moſt northern Part of the Iſland *Sardinia*. Its more ancient Name was *Torreana*, given it by the *Greeks*, who afterwards called it *Cirne*, from *Cirnus*, ſaid to be the Son of *Hercules*. Hiſtory alſo aſſures us, that in Proceſs of Time a *Ligurian* Woman, named *Carſa Bibulca*, planted there a Colony of *Ligurians* (modernly called *Genoueſes*) and gave it the Name of *Corſica*, which it ſtill retains; as do the *Genoeſes* the Sovereignty thereof: But how long theſe Republicans will keep the ſame ſeems now to be a Queſtion. The *Tuſcans* were the firſt Sovereigns of this Iſland. From them it was taken by the *Carthaginians*: It was afterwards intirely reduced by the *Romans*, under *Scipio*. It was ſubdued by *Alaric* the *Goth*: And, in the 8th Century, it was poſſeſſed by the *Saracens*, *Moors*, or *Arabs*; but they were alſo expelled ſome Time after. The Republicks of *Genoua* and *Piſa* have had very ſmart Conflicts on Account of this Iſland; and thoſe of *Piſa*, tho' dwindled to a mere Shadow, ſtill lay ſomewhat of a Claim to it, as their rightful Territory, though they themſelves have long been Subjects to the Grand Dukes of *Tuſcany*. This Iſland (which had anciently its own Kings, and ſtill is called a Kingdom) is in Length, from North to South near 40 Leagues, in Breadth, from Eaſt to Weſt, about 17, and near 100 in Circumference. *Aleria* and *Mariana* were in ancient Times its moſt noted Towns; but now little remains of their priſtine Splendor, being quite ruined: One is ſaid to be founded by *Sylla* and the other by *Marius*. The Capital is *Baſtia*: And *Ajazzo*, *Calvi*, *Nebbia*, *Corte*, *Bonifacio*, *&c.* are tolerable Places: This laſt is reckoned the moſt commodious Port in the whole Iſland. The Inhabitants divide the Country into four Provinces: The eaſtern Province they call, *Banda di dentro*: The weſtern, *Banda di fuora*: The ſouthern, *Di la Monti*: The northern, *Di qua Monti*: Their Language is a paſſable Dialect of the *Italian*. It has three pretty conſiderable Rivers, *Liamon*, *Tavignano*, and *Guolo*, all proceeding from two great Lakes on the Top of the Mountain *Gradaccio*, towards the Center of the Iſland; the two firſt from the Lake *Crena*, the third from that of *Ivo*. *Corſica* has five Biſhopricks; namely *Ajazzo*, *Aleria*, *Sagona*, *Mariana* and *Nebbia*; and the firſt four Cities being ruined, their Prelates reſide either at *Baſtia*, or in Villages. The firſt three Biſhops are Suffragans of *Piſa*, and the other two of *Genoua*.----The *Corſi* are a martial People, but deſperate, cruel, revengeful and unpolite. We often read of great Diſturbance at *Rome*, occaſioned by the impatient Humour of the Pope's *Corſi* Guards; ſeveral Embaſſadors having narrowly eſcaped with Life: And the Truth is, like their Neighbours the *Sardi*, they are a wild, unmanageable ſort of Gentry. The Renegadoes of theſe Iſlands, eſpecially the *Corſi*, are much eſteemed in *Barbary*, where they abound; and many of them have become famous Commanders; but more for Land than Sea Exploits.----As to the reſt, the Air of *Corſica* is not very healthy, nor the Soil much famed for its Fertility: However the Vallies produce a ſufficient Quantity of Corn, Oil, Wines and Fruits, for the Inhabitants, the Country not being exorbitantly populous: Nor are the Mountains quite barren. They have alſo ſome Iron Mines, and good Store of Cattle. Some Hundreds of *Maniots* are ſettled there, ſince their Country fell under the Yoke of the *Ottomans*: Theſe are a ſort of *Greeks*, wild Gentry not unlike the *Corſi*, whoſe Country called *Mania*, lies to the Eaſt of the Gulph of *Coron*, on the Coaſt of the *Morea*,

Morea, from Cape *Matapan* to the Neigbourhood of *Calamata*. Before we quit this Subject, I cannot omit one *Curiosity* found in this *Island*, *viz.* the Stone *Catechita*, which sticks to the Hand like Pitch or Glue.

The Number of these revolted Islanders, now actually incamped (tho' in different Parts of the Country) are 50,000, exclusive of the Inhabitants of a good Number of Towns, and Villages, who have not yet taken the Field. These People some call Rebels; others brave Asserters of Liberty and Property. In their *Manifesto*, they declare: *That the sole Motive of their Revolt is the insupportable Tyranny they have long groaned under, more particularly since the Year* 1715, *being treated more like Slaves than Subjects.* They have also affixed Papers, in divers Places, wherein they protest: *That they are so far from having any Design to offer the least Injury to their Compatriots, even to such of them as have not yet embraced their Party, that their only View in arming themselves is to maintain the Privileges, and redress the Grievances of their oppressed Country.* As an Instance of this, 15 of their Soldiers were instantly hanged, for quitting the Camp to rob in a Village. They are in a seeming very good Posture of Defence, having carried off a good Quantity of Arms, Ammunition, and even Store of Artillery from the Magazines of *Calvi*, *Corso*, *Bonifacio*, *&c.* And their Countenance appears absolutely determined to hazard the last Extremities rather than quit their Pretensions. Their General Signor *Pampliani*, is reported a Gentleman of uncommon Merit, who signally distinguished himself in some Foreign Services; and indeed is allowed to be the very Life of their Cause. He had chose for his Lieutenant a Man of consummate Resolution, Conduct and Bravery, named *Fabio Filinghieri*, whose Catastrophe is too remarkable to pass unregarded.-----The Regency of *Bastia* rightly judging, that the Reduction of the revolted *Corsi* might be effected, provided they could lay Hands on their Leader, the President of the Council wrote Signor *Pampliani* a Letter to this Tenor. *That tho' he (the President) had appeared warm against the Confederate* Corsi, *yet in Reality their prudent Conduct, and generous Zeal for the Liberty and Privileges of their Country, gave him true Notions of their Cause. That being at length convinced that their Design was truly honourable and praiseworthy, he was fully determined to join them; besides certain Reasons he had not to be very well pleased with the Senate of* Genoua, *still farther confirmed him in that Resolution. That a great Number of those of* Bastia, *who were ready to follow his Example, would have joined the Confederates before now, but for some particular Considerations of Family and Interest. That these Reasons proving too weak to hinder them any longer from shaking off the tyrannical Yoke under which they groaned, they had resolved to open their Gates to them; but that in regard near Half the Citizens were still attached to the Republick, It was necessary to keep this Design secret: That they should therefore come to the Gates of the City by Night, with no more Troops than were absolutely necessary; and that the Garrison being gained over, the Gates would be opened without the least Noise.* The President concluded his Letter with the highest Commendations of *Pampliani*, and told him, *That the only way to secure the Inhabitants who persisted in their Allegiance to the* Genoueses, *was, to put himself at the Head of the Troops, and march into the City, where his natural Eloquence, and his Character for Integrity would soon prevail.*

[The Remainder in our next.]

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

ROME, March 10. *N. S.*

BY Order of the Cardinal Vicar, the Lent Preacher of St. Nicholas in the Prison is suspended, for having in his Sermons given too much into the Facetious, very unsuitable to a grave Subject; yet which, it seems, had drawn to hear him a Number of Virtuosos, who perhaps had a Mind to be jested into Heaven.

New Oppositions are raised against the Building of the Cesarini Theatre: The Priests of the two Churches of St. Julian of the Flemings, and that of the Holy Handkerchief of the Savoyards withstand the Building of a Theatre contiguous to them.

The Cavalier Accoramboni being mighty fond of going to Venice, has gathered a Heap of Money, in order to make a Figure there; and as one Fool makes many, the Son of the Lady Katherine Sampiere is run mad to go there too, upon the same Fools Errand: But as his Mother will not trust him, young as he is, by himself in that loose City, ill Tongues trot about her, as if she only make a Pretext of this to accompany her Son, in order to continue there the Compliments of Esteem she has received here from my Lord St---pe, who very soon designs to take a Trip thither.

Letters from Naples tell us, the Arrival of Signor Simonetti, the Apostolick Nuncio, was so unexpected, that not one Coach and Six went out to meet him. However, he has entred upon his Charge, is to receive Visits, and to have Compliments redoubled upon him, which he avoided before his Arrival.

Paris, April 7. The Criminal Judge at a certain Country Town, being suspicious that the Executioner would not whip a young Woman to his Mind, would assist at the Operation; and imagining the Hangman favoured her, he took the Whip out of his Hand, and whipt her himself in a most cruel Manner. When he was tired, he gave the Hangman the Whip again, who complimented him as a Brother, and a perfect Master in the Business of his Office. The Judge took this as such an Affront, that he ordered the poor Executioner to the Galleys; but as an Appeal will lie in this Case, there is nothing done in it as yet;

yet; but it is not doubted the Judge will be ſeverely reprimanded.

LONDON,

May 20. On Friday Morning, the 7th Inſtant, as Mr. Ellys, Riding Officer of the Cuſtoms at Dartford in Kent, was returning thither about two o' Clock in the Morning, he met two Gypſies with Bundles on their Heads, which he ſuſpected to be uncuſtomed Goods; but on his Examination, he found in their Bundles three fine Lambs, which he imagined they had ſtole; upon which he preſented a Piſtol to one of them, threatning to ſhoot him if he did not do as he directed, cauſed him to tie the other's Hands, behind him, and then forced the former to take the Lambs on his Back, and in this Manner drove them before his Horſe to Bexley, where he delivered them to the Conſtable. The ſame Day Mr. Ellys diſpatched ſeveral People to give Notice of the ſame to the adjacent Villages, and in a few Hours came the Perſon who own'd the Lambs; and the Fellows confeſſing the Fact, they were carried before Thomas Polhill, Eſq; and by him committed to Maidſtone Goal.

Yeſterday the Treaſurer of the Charity for Relief of the poor Widows and Children of Clergymen, received, from an unknown Hand 500 l. for the Uſe of that Charity.

On Monday laſt came on in the Court of King's Bench, Weſtminſter, a Trial at Bar, between George Richards, Plaintiff, and George Richards, Defendant, Brothers Children, about an Eſtate in Dorſetſhire of above 1500 l. per Ann. After the Trial had laſted three Hours, the Plaintiff ſuffered himſelf to be nonſuited.

We ſee at the Print Shops a Repreſentation of the Archbiſhops Palace, and three Biſhops rowing each in a Boat towards it, ſtriving which ſhall get thither firſt, with theſe Words on it, viz. *For Lambeth.*

A great Number of Weſt-Country Barges are detained up the River for want of Water to bring them down, the Thames having not been known ſo low as at preſent in the Memory of Man.

The Duke of Lorrain is hourly expected here incognito.

BOSTON, *Auguſt* 19.

Yeſterday was publiſhed here three Acts or Laws, paſſed by the Great and General Court or Aſſembly of this Province at their preſent Seſſion, viz.

An Act for the better Curing and Culling of Fiſh,
An Act for the better regulating of Swine. And,
An Act for Encouraging the killing of Wild Cats.

NEW-YORK, *Auguſt* 30.

The Small-pox now ſpreads in this City pretty much.

Buried in the City of New-York *laſt Week*, viz.

Church of England 4. Dutch Church 8. French 0. Presbyterians 0. Lutheran Church 0. Quakers 0. Baptiſts 0. Jews 0. In all 12.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Auguſt 30. *Inward Entries.*

Parker from Mountſerat, Clark and Frazier from Madera, Tittle from South-Carolina, Bloodworth from New-Providence.

Entred out, Vater for Amſterdam, Kip for Jamaica.
Cleared out, Lawrence to Curaco, Barnes to Boſton.

VERSES on the ART of PRINTING.

LONG had mankind with darkneſs been oppreſs'd,
And ſcarce one Petrarch nine whole centuries bleſs'd:
The conquer'd world, and e'en imperial Rome,
O'erwhelm'd in ignorance, ſhar'd an equal Doom:
Vandals and monks enflam'd with impious rage,
Drove, like a torrent, learning off the ſtage:
To native skies religion ſlighted fled,
And heav'nly ſcience veil'd her bliſsful head;
Myſterious jargon then devotion ſeem'd,
Greek, pious ideots hereſy eſteem'd;
Yet Latin, oft was read,----not underſtood;
For none but pray'rs in ſounds unknown were good.
When ſome kind pow'r (who now propitious ſmiles
With ſweet indulgence o'er Britannia's iſles,)
Expell'd around the gloomy gothic night,
And chear'd the world with dawning rays of light.
Inſpir'd by him, firſt Fauſt, ſagacious mind!
The great diſcovery open'd to mankind;
Rude characters on wooden tablets made,
And of the Printing Art the Baſis laid:
'Till fuſil types, invented by his skill,
With numerous tomes th' admiring nations fill.
Vaſt his attempts, immortal is his fame,
While Mentz reſerves the great auſpicious name,
In ſpight of Harlem's, or of Strasburgh's claim.
Thence was the Art tranſplanted to our coaſt,
(Whoſe generous ſons ingenious Caxton boaſt,)
Improv'd by various hands in ev'ry ſtage,
'Till Aldus roſe, the genius of the age!
Firſt, by his care, behold learn'd Greece ariſe,
And the thick miſts remove from mortal eyes!
See her fam'd works in native luſtre ſhine!
See Athens once again the world refine!
While pleaſing ſcenes o'er Europe's realms appear,
And joys, uncommon, ev'ry mortal chear.
No more, tranſcribers negligence is blam'd
For faulty Iliads, or a Tully maim'd.
No more did Horace, bard of ſprightly fire!
Mourn ruder hands, or Bentley's wit require:
No more the ſcholar preſs'd by adverſe fate,
Procures a Livy with his whole eſtate.
Swift, o'er the world, learn'd volumes were diffus'd,
And thouſand bibles for one miſſal us'd:
Divine Æneids each muſeum grace,
While Plato's works aſſume a Scotus' place:
Each needy ſtudent ſhews his claſſic ſtore,
And boaſts ſuch treaſures, kings ſcarce knew before.
Hail! Printing, hail! thou thrice illuſtrious Art!
Which clear'd the head, and which reform'd the heart,
Bleſs'd with new light, a ſuperſtitious age,
And purg'd the relicks of barbaric rage,
From thee, celeſtial ſtreams of learning flow,
And to thy pow'r we pure Religion owe.
By thee aſſiſted Luther laſh'd the crimes
Of Rome's vile clergy, and reform'd the times:
While off their rev'rend mask Eraſmus drew,
And ev'ry pious fraud expos'd to view;
The labour finiſh'd, by thy friendly aid,
Which Hus and Wickliff long in vain eſſay'd.
But ſee, ye learn'd! from far a genial ray
Dawn in the eaſt, and promiſe riſing day!
See, diſtant climes, in this auſpicious hour,
Receive with tranſport, learning's ſovereign pow'r!
Behold this Art in fam'd Byzantium * riſe,
And barb'rous Sultans, hail the mighty prize.
High it advances, o'er the Mufti's rage,
Tho' prieſts the ruin of their craft preſage.
O! would indulgent Heav'n by this reſtore
To eaſtern lands the arts, they loſt before:
By this make Turks their native rage forego,
And the vile frauds of Mecca's prophet ſhow:
While Aſia's realms enjoy a milder doom,
While Greece its Athens boaſts, and Thrace a ſecond Rome,†
O'er diſtant worlds, while truth and freedom ſhine,
And conſcious nations bleſs the Art divine.

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* Conſtantinople. † Conſtantinople *was anciently called* New Rome.

PHILADELPHIA, *Septemb.* 2.

We hear from Virginia, that on Friday the 20th paſt, in a Storm, a Sloop which appear'd to have been founder'd at Sea, came on Shore in Accomack County, ſouthward of Chinkateag, with her Maſt and Bowſprit ſtanding, laden with Flower, Pork and Grain. The Country People had begun to plunder her, when one from Philadelphia, who happen'd then to be in that County, went to ſee her, and knew her to be the Sloop Maryland, which ſailed from this Port ſometime in June laſt, bound for Newfoundland, John Sunderland Maſter, and was ſtruck by a Clap of Thunder, and founder'd about 30 Leagues from our Capes. (*See our Gazette* No. 136, *where there is an Account of it.*) The Collector has taken her into his Care, and has oblig'd the People to reſtore what they had plunder'd. All her Pork, and ſome of her Flour, a Cask of Rum, her Cables, the Captain's Watch, and ſeveral other Things to a conſiderable value are ſav'd, and 'tis thought the Veſſel may be got off again. Her Maſt appears ſcoop'd down from Top to Bottom (as if done with a Gouge) which was the Effect of the Lightning.

From New-Caſtle we hear, that Catherine Bevan, the Woman committed for Murder of her Husband (of which ſee a particular Account in our Gazette of June 24) is found guilty and condemn'd to be burnt alive; David Murphy, the Servant Man who aſſiſted her, is alſo found guilty and condemn'd

condemn'd to be hang'd. He appears penitent, but ſhe continues obſtinately to deny the Fact. Her Son was acquitted.

Laſt Week a Negro Woman belonging to one in this City, drowned herſelf wilfully in Skuylkil. Alſo a Man belonging to a Ship is ſuppos'd to be drowned, he having left Company to go on board when he was in Liquor, and has not ſince been heard of.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred inwards.

Ship Conſtantine, Edward Wright, from Jamaica.
Sloop Hope, John Howel, from North-Carolina.
------ Wilmore, Evan Bevan, from Virginia.

Entred outwards.

Ship Lark, Thomas Grocock, for London.
----- William, James Oſwald, for Lisbon.
----- Samuel, Hugh Percy, for South-Carolina.
Sloop George, George Dickenſon, for Bermuda.
------ Speedwell, Stephen Righton, for St. Chriſtophers.
------ Chance, Francis Sewers, for Glaſgow.

Cleared out,

Brigt. John and William, George Grambold, to Briſtol.
Sloop John and Eliz. J. Anthony Denormandie, to Antigua.

Buried in the ſeveral Burying-Grounds of this City in a Week paſt

Church - - - - -	0.	Baptiſts - - - - - - - - - -	0.
Quakers - - - -	2.	Strangers: Whites - - -	1.
Presbyterians - -	2.	Strangers: Blacks - - -	3.
Seventh-Day Baptiſts	2.		

Advertiſements.

For LONDON, the Ship Conſtantine,

EDWARD WRIGHT, Maſter; will be ready to take in Goods in Ten Days, and punctually ſail the middle of *October*: For Freight or Paſſage, agree with the Maſter, or Mr. *Thomas Lawrence*.

N. B. *Very good Accommodations for Paſſengers.*

The Ship Elizabeth *and* Dorothy, *for* LONDON *Directly*,

NOW lying at *William Fiſhbourn*'s Wharff, *John Reeve*, Maſter; one Half of her Lading ready, and will ſail with all convenient Speed: Freighters or Paſſengers may apply to the ſaid Maſter, or to *Matthias Aſpdin*, in *Market-ſtreet*, *Philadelphia*, and know further.

Septemb. 2, 1731.

WHEREAS Mr. *Thomas Gray*, Executor to *John Henzey*, deceaſed, has advertiſed a Tract of Land lying in *White Clay Creek* Hundred, in *Newcaſtle* County, containing 260 Acres, to be ſold by Vendue on the 9th of this Inſtant, as Part of the Eſtate of the ſaid *Henzey*: This is to give a friendly Caution to all whom it may concern, not to bid for or buy the ſaid Land; the Subſcribers hereto having a Right to the ſame,

Sept. 2. 1731. *John Coats*, *Samuel Hale.*

To be SOLD by John Inglis,

AT Mr. *Moſs*'s in *Cheſnut-ſtreet*, an Earth-Augre with Thirty Screw Joints, each Joint Four Foot long, with one Iron Handle, two Bitts, and two Steel Chiſſels, in all forty Yards long: And ſundry Sorts of dry Goods lately imported, *viz.* Flower'd and plain Silks, Grograms, Camblets, Callicoes, Hollands, Garlix, Scotch Linnens, Cambricks, coarſe Diapers, Mens and Womens fine and coarſe Thread Stockins, Fans, Embroidered Silk Aprons, and Setts of China, *&c.*

GEORGE MEGEE, Nailer,

AT the Corner of Front-ſtreet, in Arch-ſtreet, by the Arch-Wharff; Maketh and ſelleth all Sorts of Nails, *viz.* All Sorts of Deck Nails, Two Shilling, Double Tens, Single Tens, all Sorts of Shingle Nails, by Wholeſale or Retale, at reaſonable Rates.

JOHN LEE, Removed to *Second-ſtreet*, into one of Mr. *Simon Edgell*'s new Houſes, next Door to Mr. *Nath. Edgcomb*'s by the *Black Horſe Alley*, over againſt Mr. *Andrew Bradford*'s; where the following Goods are to be ſold, *viz.* Callicoes, ſheeting Holland, and ſeveral ſorts of ſheeting Linnen: ſeveral ſorts of Diapers and Table-cloths: ſtrip'd Holland; Jack Linnen of ſeveral ſorts: ſeveral ſorts of Briſtol Shalloons, Sherloes, Cherryderries, and Seerſuckers: ſeveral ſorts of Cambricks, Mantua Silks and Graſſets: Beryllan, and plain Callimanco, Crapes and Stuffs: Men's white and dy'd ſhammie, glaz'd and topp'd Gloves, Womens *ditto*, Lamb: thread and Silk, Braden for Stays, Twiſt for Women: ſilk Perſian, Ribbons, double ſpaniſh Ribbons, quality Binding, and ſilk Ferrets: four Thread double and twiſted thread Stockings of ſeveral ſorts: ſilk, and white Silk-muſlin, and other ſorts of Handkerchiefs: Men's Bath-metal Shoe-buckles, and other ſorts: Masks for Women: ſeveral ſorts of Penknives, fine Ivory Caſe-knives, and other ſorts, with Pocket-knives: plain metal Buttons for Mens Coats and Jackets; Dowlaſſes, ſeveral ſorts: Huckabags, and Ruſſia Linnens; Oznaburghs: ſeveral ſorts of Looking-glaſſes: garlicks and brown Holland, Bag-holland, *ditto*: ſeveral ſorts of Druggets, fine Kerſeys, ſuperfine Broad-cloths, London Shalloons, Scotch Plads: fine and coarſe Hats: Men and Womens Engliſh Shoes: Stockings, ſeveral ſorts, for Men, Women and Children, ſcarlet with Clocks; ſeveral ſorts of Caps; Womens Bonnets; ſeveral ſorts of Laces, and Stay-tapes, ſeveral ſorts of horn and ivory Combs, ſeveral ſorts of Inkhorns; braſs Spurs, Whips of ſeveral ſorts: fine ſhell and other ſorts of Snuff-boxes; ſteel Tobacco-boxes; Butchers Steels with ivory Handles, and ſteel Snuffers: Gunpowder, Shot and Flints: Quarto Bibles of a good Print, with an Index and claſp'd, and ſeveral other ſorts of Bibles, Teſtaments, Pſalters, Primmers, *&c.* Pocket-books and Letter-caſes: Paper; ſeveral ſorts of checqued Linnen; Flannels and Duroys: Pipes, Hops to be ſold by the Pound or Hundred, cheap: Handſawes, a very good new Buroe: Buckram of ſeveral ſorts. With ſundry ſorts of Goods not here mentioned. *To be LET by the above Perſon, two new very good Rooms*; Enquire of of him and know further. *Sept.* 2, 1731

N. B. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid *John Lee*, are required to pay in their reſpective Debts, or expect further Trouble.

To be SOLD,

A Griſt Mill with two pair of Stones, (having now a good ſubſtantial Frame Damm lately made) as alſo a good Dwelling-Houſe, a Store, and a Coopers Shop, with about 60 Acres of Land, part whereof is clear'd, and is an Orchard containing about 60 choice bearing Apple Trees, at *Salisbury* Town, upon the Head of *Duck* Creek on *Delaware*, diſtant a quarter of a Mile from navigable Water; acccounted 37 Miles from *New-Caſtle*. Any Perſon having a Mind to purchaſe, may apply to *William Rawle* in *Philadelphia*, or to *Joſeph Rawle* at the ſaid Town of *Salisbury*.

Juſt imported, and to be SOLD

BY *WILLIAM RAWLE*; Good Rum, Mellaſſes, Sugar, Caſes of Bottles, Cocoa Nutts, Coffee, and old Iron: As alſo Citron Water in Pint Bottles very reaſonable.

Fine STARCH, and STARCH-POWDER,

MADE after the Engliſh Manner; the Powder ſcented or unſcented, and neatly put up in Pound, Half and Quarter-Pound Papers, fit for Shopkeepers to retail out: Sold by the Maker, *Nathaniel Palmer*, in *Walnut-ſtreet*, *Philadelphia*. Merchants may have it put up after ſuch a Manner, that it will not in the leaſt break, or moulter to Duſt, which is what too frequently happens to Starch, eſpecially that made in this Country.

N. B. *He gives to thoſe Shopkeepers that will take* 100 *weight*, ſix months Credit; *and for all under that weight* four months.

A Servant Maid's Time for two Years and an half, to be diſpoſed of. Enquire of *James Lewis* in Frontſtreet, *Philadelphia*.

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